

Financial State of Anaheim

Anaheim's financial condition appeared to improve due in part to increased tax collections and federal COVID relief funds. Despite the good news, they still had a Taxpayer Burden[™] of \$2,900, earning it a "C" grade from Truth in Accounting. But the improvement is deceiving because the city used outdated pension data.

According to the city's 2022 financial report, the city continued to spend federal COVID-19 relief funds, and as the U.S. economy reopened the city took in additional tax revenue. The pension debt included in this report and the city's financial report is based using 2021 data when pension investments were performing well. If the city's pension investments experienced the same major decrease that most other cities experienced in 2022, Anaheim's pension debt would be higher. Over the past few years investment market values have swung dramatically. This volatility demonstrates the risk to taxpayers when their city offers defined pension benefits to its employees.

Anaheim had set aside only 83 cents for every dollar of promised pension benefits and 54 cents for every dollar of promised retiree health care benefits.

It is important to note that continued market fluctuations, changing investment values, decreased COVID relief funds, and a stabilizing economy that may slow tax collections, could worsen the city's financial health. City officials should continue to try to reduce the Taxpayer Burden by following the recommendations in our 2024 Financial State of the Cities report, which would also bring greater transparency and accountability to city finances.

February 2024	www.truthinaccounting.org www.data-z.org	D	Daniels College of Business UNIVERSITY OF DENVER School of Accountancy
---------------	--	---	--

The data included in this report is derived from Anaheim's 2022 audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and retirement plans' reports. To compare prior years and other cities' financial, demographic, and economic information, go to Data-Z.org.

Anaheim's Financial Breakdown

Fast Facts

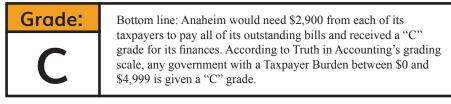
- Anaheim had \$1.4 billion available to pay \$1.7 billion worth of bills.
- The outcome was a \$339.9 million shortfall, a decrease of \$106.3 million from the prior year, and a burden of \$2,900 per taxpayer.
- While this report indicates the city's financial condition improved due in part to COVID relief funds and increased taxes, this might be overly optimistic because the city used outdated pension data.

The City's Bills Exceeded Its Assets

Total Assets	\$5,423,174,000	
Minus: Capital Assets	-\$3,670,749,000	
Restricted Assets	-\$358,787,000	
Assets Available to Pay Bills	\$1,393,638,000	
Minus: Total Bills*	\$1,733,520,000	
Money needed to pay bills	\$339,882,000	
Each taxpayer's share of this burden	\$2,900	

*Breakdown of Total Bills

Bonds	\$1,970,689,000
Other Liabilities	\$576,562,000
Minus: Debt Related to Capital Assets	-\$1,430,986,000
Unfunded Pension Benefits	\$510,106,000
Unfunded Retiree Health Care Benefits	\$107,149,000
Total Bills	\$1,733,520,000



Truth in Accounting is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit committed to educating and empowering you with understandable, reliable, and transparent government financial information so you can be a knowledgeable participant in your government and its budget process.