



Maine Ranked No. 30 For Its Fiscal Health



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Financial State of Maine

Despite receiving support from COVID relief grants and other federal programs, Maine's overall financial condition did not improve during the onset of the pandemic. Based upon the state's fiscal year 2020 audited financial report, Maine had a Taxpayer Burden™ of \$8,200, earning it a "D" grade from Truth in Accounting.

Maine's elected officials have repeatedly made financial decisions that left the state with a debt burden of \$3.8 billion. That burden came to \$8,200 for every state taxpayer. Maine's financial problems stem mostly from unfunded retirement obligations that have over the years. The state had only set aside 81 cents for every dollar of promised pension benefits and 17 cents for every dollar of promised retiree health care benefits.

Maine did not have enough money set aside to weather the pandemic and the state has been in poor fiscal shape for years. Like all other states, Maine received federal assistance from the CARES Act and other COVID-19 related grants which came with stipulations on how the money could be spent. However, the state has not been properly funding its pension and retiree health care promises for years which places a burden on future taxpayers.

The data included in this report is derived from the state of Maine's 2020 audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and retirement plans' reports. To compare states' financial information go to Data-Z.org.

Maine's Financial Breakdown

Fast Facts

- Maine had \$8.7 billion available to pay \$12.5 billion worth of bills.
- The outcome was a \$3.8 billion shortfall, which breaks down to a burden of \$8,200 per taxpayer.
- This means that each taxpayer would have to pay \$8,200 in future taxes for which they would receive no related services or benefits.

THE STATE'S BILLS EXCEEDED ITS ASSETS	
Total assets	\$17,476,875,000
Minus: Capital assets	-\$6,188,679,000
Restricted assets	-\$2,601,659,000
Assets available to pay bills	\$8,686,537,000
Minus: Total bills	-\$12,533,247,000
Money available (needed) to pay bills	-\$3,846,710,000
Each taxpayer's share of this debt	-\$8,200

BILLS THE STATE ACCUMULATED

\$5,384,164,000
\$3,068,185,000
-\$1,320,523,000
\$2,803,317,000
\$2,598,104,000
\$12,533,247,000



Bottom line: Maine would need \$8,200 from each of its taxpayers to pay all of its bills, so it received a "D" for its finances. According to Truth in Accounting's grading scale, any government with a Taxpayer Burden between \$5,000 and \$20,000 receives a "D" grade.

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