



THE TRUTH

Money Available to Pay Future Bills
\$1.4 billion

Taxpayer Surplus™
\$1,000

Financial Grade
B

Ranking
10 out of 50

Oregon's Financial Condition Worsened During Pandemic



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Financial State of Oregon

Oregon's healthy financial condition helped the state weather the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic but the state's overall financial condition still worsened. Based upon the state's latest audited financial report for fiscal year 2020, Oregon had a Taxpayer Surplus™ of \$1,000, earning it a "B" grade from Truth in Accounting.

Unlike most states, Oregon had more than enough resources available, \$1.4 billion, to pay all of its bills, including public employees' retirement benefits. This means Oregon's elected officials truly balanced their budgets. When broken down, the amount available to pay future bills resulted in a surplus of \$1,000 for each Oregon taxpayer.

Even though Oregon was financially sound before the pandemic, the state still received federal support from COVID-19 related grants. The surplus Oregon had and additional funds will help the state to weather any future public health or economic crises and downturns in the market, which can cause the value of a government's assets to fluctuate. The uncertainty surrounding this current crisis makes it impossible to determine how much will be needed to maintain government services and benefits.

The data included in this report is derived from the state of Oregon's 2020 audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and retirement plans' reports. To compare states' financial information go to Data-Z.org.

Oregon's Financial Breakdown

Fast Facts

- Oregon had \$28.6 billion available to pay \$27.2 billion worth of bills.
- The outcome was a \$1.4 billion surplus, which breaks down to \$1,000 per taxpayer.
- Oregon's overall financial condition worsened by 63 percent largely due to poor investment returns from the Public Employees Retirement system.

THE STATE'S ASSETS EXCEEDED ITS BILLS

Total assets	\$62,431,770,000
Minus: Capital assets	-\$21,979,628,000
Restricted assets	-\$11,824,085,000
Assets available to pay bills	\$28,628,057,000
Minus: Total bills	-\$27,220,624,000
Money available (needed) to pay future bills	\$1,407,433,000
Each taxpayer's share of this surplus	\$1,000

BILLS THE STATE ACCUMULATED

Bonds	\$13,624,325,000
Other liabilities	\$12,789,996,000
Minus: Debt related to capital assets	-\$6,210,073,000
Unfunded pension benefits	\$6,866,933,000
Unfunded retiree health care benefits	\$149,443,000
Total bills	\$27,220,624,000

Grade:

B

Bottom line: Oregon had more than enough money to pay its bills, so it received a "B" for its finances from Truth in Accounting. A "B" grade is given to states with a Taxpayer Surplus between \$100 and \$10,000.

Truth in Accounting is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization committed to educating and empowering citizens with understandable, reliable and transparent government financial information. To be knowledgeable participants in their government and its budget process, citizens need truthful and transparent financial information.