



THE TRUTH

Money Needed to Pay Bills

- \$2.1 billion

Taxpayer Burden™

- \$7,600

Financial Grade

D

Ranking

51 out of 75

Austin Finances Worsen Prior to Pandemic



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Financial State of Austin, Texas

This report shows that Austin went into the coronavirus pandemic in poor fiscal health, and it will probably come out of the crisis worse. Based upon the city’s fiscal year 2019 audited financial report, Austin had a Taxpayer Burden™ of \$7,600, earning it a “D” grade from Truth in Accounting.

Austin’s elected officials have repeatedly made financial decisions that have left the city with a debt burden of \$2.1 billion. That burden equates to \$7,600 for every city taxpayer. Austin’s financial problems stem mostly from unfunded retirement obligations that have accumulated over the years. Of the \$9.4 billion in retirement benefits promised, the city has not funded \$2.9 billion in pension and \$2.4 billion in retiree health care benefits.

Austin did not have enough money set aside to weather the current pandemic and fluctuations in the market. The city is expected to lose some revenue as a result of the pandemic. The uncertainty surrounding this crisis makes it impossible to determine how much will be needed to maintain government services and benefits, but Austin’s overall debt will most likely increase.

The data included in this report is derived from the city of Austin’s 2019 audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and retirement plans’ reports. To compare cities’ financial information go to data-z.org.

Austin Financial Breakdown

Fast Facts

- Austin had \$4.3 billion available to pay \$6.4 billion worth of bills.
- The outcome was a \$2.1 billion shortfall, which breaks down to a burden of \$7,600 per taxpayer.
- Austin’s financial position worsened by more than 100 percent or \$1.1 billion mostly because the city’s pension plans experienced investment losses and reduced the discount rate used to estimate plan liabilities.

THE CITY’S BILLS EXCEEDED ITS ASSETS

Total assets	\$17,714,470,000
Minus: Capital assets	-\$12,113,180,000
Restricted assets	-\$1,265,878,000
Assets available to pay bills	\$4,335,412,000
Minus: Total bills	-\$6,391,329,000
Money available (needed) to pay bills	-\$2,055,917,000
Each taxpayer’s share of this burden	-\$7,600

BILLS THE CITY ACCUMULATED

Bonds	\$7,392,545,000
Other liabilities	\$1,599,528,000
Minus: Debt related to capital assets	-\$7,908,905,000
Unfunded pension benefits	\$2,912,714,000
Unfunded retiree health care benefits	\$2,395,447,000
Total bills	\$6,391,329,000

Grade:

D

Bottom line: Austin would need \$7,600 from each of its taxpayers to pay all of its bills, so it has received a “D” for its finances. According to Truth in Accounting’s grading scale, any government with a Taxpayer Burden between \$5,000 and \$20,000 receives a “D.”

Truth in Accounting is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit committed to educating and empowering citizens with understandable, reliable and transparent government financial information. To be knowledgeable participants in their government and its budget process, citizens need truthful and transparent financial information.