

## Idaho Remains in the Top 10



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### Financial State of Idaho

Idaho's healthy financial condition helped the state move forward in a positive direction post-Covid. Based upon the state's latest audited financial report for the fiscal year 2021, Idaho had a Taxpayer Surplus<sup>™</sup> of \$5,400, earning it a "B" grade from Truth in Accounting.

Unlike most states, even with the challenges of the Covid pandemic Idaho had more than enough resources available, \$3.1 billion, to pay all of its bills. This included public employees' retirement benefits. Notably, like most states in this year's report, some of Idaho's economic condition improved only on paper due to stock market increases in 2021. However, these increases are transitory as financial markets are volatile, and the gains recorded previously may not have been realized through the actual sale of the market assets. Therefore, the report is expected to look different next year when the market decreases are reflected in Idaho's annual statements.

Even though Idaho was financially sound before and during the pandemic, the state still received federal support from COVID-19 related grants, which contributed to the continuing financial health of this state. The uncertainty surrounding the full economic recovery post-Covid makes it impossible to determine how much will be needed to maintain government services and benefits in the coming years. However, the surplus Idaho had, and additional funds will help the state weather any future public health or economic crises and downturns in the market.

The data included in this report is derived from the State of Idaho's 2021 audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and retirement plans' reports. To compare state financial, demographic and economic information go to Data-Z.org.



# Idaho's Financial Breakdown

#### **Fast Facts**

- Idaho had \$7.7 billion available to pay \$4.6 billion worth of bills.
- The outcome was a \$3.1 billion surplus, which breaks down to \$5,400 per taxpayer.
- Idaho's retirement systems appeared to be over-funded, but maintaining surpluses is advisable because the value of the systems' assets can fluctuate dramatically.

#### THE STATE'S ASSETS EXCEEDED ITS BILLS

| Total assets                          | \$25,460,437,000 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Minus: Capital assets                 | -\$9,476,425,000 |
| Restricted assets                     | -\$8,297,593,000 |
| Assets available to pay bills         | \$7,686,419,000  |
| Minus: Total bills*                   | -\$4,564,772,000 |
| Money available to pay future bills   | \$3,121,647,000  |
| Each taxpayer's share of this surplus | \$5,400          |
|                                       |                  |

| * BREAKDOWN OF TOTAL BILLS              |                  |
|---|------------------|
| Bonds                                   | \$2,098,632,000  |
| Other liabilities                       | \$3,944,224,000  |
| Minus: Debt related to capital assets   | -\$1,390,924,000 |
| Overfunded pension benefits             | -\$14,960,000    |
| Overfunded retiree health care benefits | -\$72,200,000    |
| Total bills                             | \$4,564,772,000  |

#### Grade:



Bottom line: Idaho had enough money to pay all of its bills, so it received a "B" for its finances. A "B" grade is given to states with a Taxpayer Surplus between \$100 and \$10,000.

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