

THE TRUTH

Money Needed to Pay Bills

- \$8.2 billion

Taxpayer BurdenTM

- \$4,400

Financial Grade

Ranking **24 out of 50**

Missouri Ranked In Top 25 For Fiscal Health



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Financial State of Missouri

Despite receiving support from COVID relief grants and other federal programs, Missouri's overall financial condition did not improve during the onset of the pandemic. Based upon the state's fiscal year 2020 audited financial report, Missouri had a Taxpayer Burden™ of \$4,400, earning it a "C" grade from Truth in Accounting.

Missouri's elected officials have repeatedly made financial decisions that left the state with a debt burden of \$8.2 billion. That burden came to \$4,400 for every state taxpayer. Missouri's financial problems stem mostly from unfunded retirement obligations that have over the years. The state had only set aside 60 cents for every dollar of promised pension benefits and 6 cents for every dollar of promised retiree health care benefits.

Missouri did not have enough money set aside to weather the pandemic. Like all other states, Missouri received federal assistance from the CARES Act and other COVID-19 related grants which came with stipulations on how the money could be spent. However, the state is in poor fiscal health because it has not been properly funding its pension and retiree health care promises which places a burden on future taxpayers.

The data included in this report is derived from the state of Missouri's 2020 audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and retirement plans' reports. To compare states' financial information go to Data-Z.org.

Missouri's Financial Breakdown

Fast Facts

- Missouri had \$13.5 billion available to pay \$21.7 billion worth of bills.
- The outcome was a \$8.2 billion shortfall, which breaks down to a burden of \$4,400 per taxpayer.
- This means that each taxpayer would have to pay \$4,400 in future taxes for which they would receive no related services or benefits.

THE STATE'S BILLS EXCEEDED ITS ASSETS	
Total assets	\$59,830,705,000
Minus: Capital assets	-\$39,454,819,000
Restricted assets	-\$6,874,796,000
Assets available to pay bills	\$13,501,090,000
Minus: Total bills	-\$21,709,426,000
Money available (needed) to pay bills	-\$8,208,336,000
Each taxpayer's share of this debt	-\$4,400

BILLS THE STATE ACCUMULATED	
Bonds	\$4,994,541,000
Other liabilities	\$8,509,624,000
Minus: Debt related to capital assets	-\$4,678,885,000
Unfunded pension benefits	\$9,507,997,000
Unfunded retiree health care benefits	\$3,376,149,000
Total bills	\$21,709,426,000

Grade:

C

Bottom line: Missouri would need \$4,400 from each of its taxpayers to pay all of its bills, so it received a "C" for its finances. According to Truth in Accounting's grading scale, any government with a Taxpayer Burden between \$0 and \$4,900 receives a "C" grade.

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