

Mississippi Ranked in Bottom 20 for Fiscal Health



September 2021

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Financial State of Mississippi

Despite receiving support from COVID relief grants and other federal programs, Mississippi's overall financial condition did not improve during the onset of the pandemic. Based upon the state's fiscal year 2020 audited financial report, Mississippi had a Taxpayer Burden[™] of \$11,500, earning it a "D" grade from Truth in Accounting.

Mississippi's elected officials have repeatedly made financial decisions that left the state with a debt burden of \$7.9 billion. That burden came to \$11,500 for every state taxpayer. Mississippi's financial problems stem mostly from unfunded retirement obligations that have over the years. The state had only set aside 59 cents for every dollar of promised pension benefits and has set aside no money for promised retiree health care benefits.

Mississippi did not have enough money set aside to weather the pandemic and the state has been in poor fiscal shape for years. Like all other states, Mississippi received federal assistance from the CARES Act and other COVID-19 related grants which came with stipulations on how the money could be spent. However, the state has not been properly funding its pension and retiree health care promises for years which places a burden on future taxpayers.

The data included in this report is derived from the state of Mississippi's 2020 audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and retirement plans' reports. To compare states' financial information go to Data-Z.org.

Mississippi's Financial Breakdown

Fast Facts

- Mississippi had \$8.3 billion available to pay \$16.2 billion worth of bills.
- The outcome was a \$7.9 billion shortfall, which breaks down to a burden of \$11,500 per taxpayer.
- This means that each taxpayer would have to pay \$11,500 in future taxes for which they would receive no related services or benefits.

THE STATE'S BILLS EXCEEDED ITS ASSETS	
Total assets	\$36,474,963,000
Minus: Capital assets	-\$22,127,584,000
Restricted assets	-\$6,083,249,000
Assets available to pay bills	\$8,264,130,000
Minus: Total bills	-\$16,200,309,000
Money available (needed) to pay bills	-\$7,936,179,000
Each taxpayer's share of this debt	-\$11,500

BILLS THE STATE ACCUMULATED

\$6,171,407,000
\$5,729,841,000
-\$2,637,013,000
\$6,609,513,000
\$326,561,000
\$16,200,309,000



Bottom line: Mississippi would need \$11,500 from each of its taxpayers to pay all of its bills, so it received a "D" for its finances. According to Truth in Accounting's grading scale, any government with a Taxpayer Burden between \$5,000 and \$20,000 receives a "D" grade.

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