

# NEBRASKA FINANCES STILL IN GOOD SHAPE



### THE FINANCIAL STATE OF NEBRASKA

Unlike most states, Nebraska's elected officials have only promised the amount of benefits they can afford to pay. Because of this, Nebraska has enough money to pay all of its bills. When broken down, the amount available to pay future bills results in a surplus of \$2,600 for each Nebraska taxpayer.

Although Nebraska has enough money to pay all of its bills, it is still not completely transparent with taxpayers. Because of a new accounting standard from last year, it now has to report its pension debt on the face of the balance sheet. However, Nebraska is still hiding 4% of its debt.

#### Here's the truth:

\$1.7
billion
money available
to pay future
bills

**\$2,600**taxpayer

surplus™



Data included in this report is derived from the state of Nebraska's 2016 audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and retirement plans' actuarial reports.

# NEBRASKA FINANCIAL BREAKDOWN

# **FAST FACTS**

- + Nebraska has \$4.6 billion available in assets to pay \$2.9 billion worth of bills.
- + The outcome: A \$1.7 billion surplus, which breaks down to \$2,600 per taxpayer.
- + The state has become more transparent with its pension liabilities in recent years, but it is still hiding \$111.1 million from its balance sheet. Unlike most states, Nebraska has no retiree health care debt.

THE STATE'S ASSETS EXCEED ITS BILLS	
Assets	\$22,100,458,000
Minus: Capital assets	-\$11,659,097,000
Restricted assets	-\$5,855,848,000
Assets available to pay bills	\$4,585,513,000
Minus: Bills	-\$2,930,161,000
Money available to pay bills	\$1,655,352,000
Each taxpayer's share of surpl	us \$2,600

BILLS THE STATE HAS ACCUMULATED	
Bonds	\$893,674,000
Other liabilities	\$2,376,566,000
Minus: Debt related to	
capital assets	-\$782,426,000
Unfunded pension benefits	\$442,347,000
Unfunded retiree health care	\$0
Bills	\$2,930,161,000

## **GRADE: B**

Bottom line: Nebraska has enough money to pay its bills, so it has received a "B" for its finances from Truth in Accounting. A "B" grade is given to states with a taxpayer surplus<sup>TM</sup> between \$100 & \$10,000.