

#### THE TRUTH

Money Needed to Pay Bills -\$14 billion

Taxpayer Burden<sup>™</sup>

\$25,900

Financial Grade

Ranking **72 out of 75** 

# Philadelphia Earned 'F' Grade For Fiscal Health



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## Financial State of Philadelphia, PA

Despite receiving support from COVID relief grants and other federal programs, Philadelphia remained in dire fiscal shape during the onset of the pandemic. Based upon the city's fiscal year 2020 audited financial report, Philadelphia had a Taxpayer Burden™ of \$25,900, earning it an "F" grade from Truth in Accounting.

Philadelphia's elected officials have repeatedly made financial decisions that left the city with a debt burden of \$14 billion. That burden came to \$25,900 for every city taxpayer. Philadelphia's financial problems stem mostly from unfunded retirement obligations that have accumulated over the years. The city had set aside only 51 cents for every dollar of promised pension benefits and 10 cents for every dollar of promised retiree health care benefits.

Philadelphia did not have enough money set aside to weather the pandemic and the city has been in poor fiscal shape for years. Like all other cities, Philadelphia received federal assistance from the CARES Act and other COVID-19 related grants which came with stipulations on how the money could be spent. Also, the city has not been properly funding its pension and retiree health care promises which places a burden on future taxpayers.

The data included in this report is derived from the city of Philadelphia's 2020 audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and retirement plans' reports. To compare prior years and other city financial, demographic, and economic information go to Data-Z.org.

# Philadelphia's Financial Breakdown

### **Fast Facts**

- Philadelphia had \$6.5 billion available to pay \$20.5 billion worth of bills.
- The outcome was a \$14 billion shortfall, which breaks down to a burden of \$25,900 per taxpayer.
- This means that each taxpayer would have to pay \$25,900 in future taxes for which they would receive no related services or benefits.

THE CITY'S BILLS EXCEEDED ITS ASSETS	
Total assets	\$21,306,095,000
Minus: Capital assets	-\$12,595,586,000
Restricted assets	-\$2,201,558,000
Assets available to pay bills	\$6,508,951,000
Minus: Total bills	-\$20,538,100,000
Money available (needed) to pay bills	-\$14,029,149,000
Each taxpayer's share of this burden	-\$25,900

BILLS THE CITY ACCUMULATED	
Bonds	\$9,714,100,000
Other liabilities	\$7,847,766,000
Minus: Debt related to capital assets	-\$9,749,207,000
Unfunded pension benefits	\$10,201,253,000
Unfunded retiree health care benefits	\$2,524,188,000
Total bills	\$20,538,100,000

## **Grade:**



Bottom line: Philadelphia would need \$25,900 from each of its taxpayers to pay all of its bills, so it has received an "F" for its finances. According to Truth in Accounting's grading scale, any government with a Taxpayer Burden greater than \$20,000 receives an "F."

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