

Improved to 'B' Grade for Fiscal Health

Γhe Truth

Money Available to Pay Future Bills \$343.5 million

Taxpayer Surplus™ **\$2,200**

Financial Grade **B**

Ranking 18 out of 75

Financial State of Virginia Beach

While it appeared that Virginia Beach bettered its standing from 2020, the data can be deceiving. Based upon the city's latest audited financial report for fiscal year 2021, Virginia Beach had \$343.5 million available to pay future bills. The resulting surplus was \$2,200 for each Virginia Beach taxpayer, earning it a "B" grade from Truth in Accounting. Importantly, the improvement included increases in the market value of pension assets, which are not considered spendable except to pay pension benefits.

The \$343.5 million available to pay Virginia Beach's bills is an upgrade over last year's report. The city's fiscal improvement occurred primarily due to a temporary decrease in its pension liability. Virginia Beach's pension liability is calculated by subtracting earned and promised benefits from the market value of pension assets. Based on an exceptionally good year in the markets in 2021, the pension assets' values were high. The result was a dramatic decrease in Virginia Beach's pension liability and a corresponding increase in money available to pay future bills.

In 2022, markets turned negative with declines reaching high points of more than 14%. It is expected this report will look different next year because those market declines will decrease the value of pension assets, resulting in an increase of Virginia Beach's pension liability. The situation could worsen further if Virginia Beach's elected officials assume extra funds exist based on transitory market increases and spend the money. Such actions are not advisable because of future downturns in the markets, as happened in 2022.

The data included in this report is derived from Virginia Beach's 2021 audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and retirement plans' reports. To compare prior years and other cities' financial, demographic, and economic information, go to Data-Z.org.



Virginia Beach's Financial Breakdown

Fast Facts

- Virginia Beach had \$343.5 million available to pay future bills, which was a significant improvement from 2020.
- Mostly due to high, short-lived gains in the value of pension plan assets, pension debt decreased by \$634.5 million.
- These gains may be reversed in 2022 as investment markets experienced a downturn.

Total Assets	\$7,135,100,000
Minus: Capital Assets	-\$5,366,464,000
Restricted Assets	-\$130,567,000
Assets Available to Pay Bills	\$1,638,069,000
Minus: Total Bills*	-\$1,294,577,000
Money Available to Pay Future Bills	\$343,492,000
Each Taxpayer's Share of this Surplus	\$2,200

*Breakd	lown (of Tot	al Bills

Bonds	\$1,406,229,000
Other Liabilities	\$526,134,000
Minus: Debt Related to Capital Assets	-\$1,493,034,000
Unfunded Pension Benefits	\$639,748,000
Unfunded Retiree Health Care Benefits	\$215,500,000
Total Bills	\$1,294,577,000

Grade:

B

Bottom line: Virginia had more than enough money to pay its bills, so it received a "B" for its finances from Truth in Accounting. A "B" grade is given to governments with a Taxpayer Surplus between \$1 and \$9,999.

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